



## Middlebury Register.

PUBLISHED BY  
THE REGISTER CO.,  
MILL STREET,  
MIDDLEBURY, - VERMONT.

Entered at the Middlebury Postoffice as Second  
Class Matter.

E. H. THORP, Editor and Manager.

TERMS:  
One Year, . . . . . \$1.50  
Six Months, . . . . . .75  
Four Months, . . . . . .50  
Three Months, . . . . . .40  
Advertising Rates on application.

JOH PRINTING of every variety at the lowest  
prices consistent with good work and quality  
of stock.

FRIDAY, APRIL 10, 1891.

**NOTICE.**—Subscribers and others in re-  
mitting will please do so by Postal Note, Postal  
Order, Currency and Draft, using one and two-  
cent stamps for fractional parts of a dollar, if  
necessary. We have no use for stamps larger  
than two cents; checks on distant banks for  
small amounts are expensive to collect, and  
we do not want Express Money orders at all.

Wives have rights which husbands are  
bound to respect, if the decision of a  
Chicago judge is good law. The decision  
grew out of the suit of Mary F. Williams  
against her husband, Aaron Williams,  
for \$20,000 damages for slander. They  
were married in 1888, but, living unhappily,  
separated after a few months, the  
wife being given some property to live  
upon, and she in turn released all claims  
on Williams. After the separation, how-  
ever, Mrs. Williams said her husband  
had circulated scandalous stories about  
her, and on these statements she began  
her slander suit. The judge says she can  
maintain it.

It turns out that the row Italy set out  
to raise last week all came from a bump-  
pous prime minister who was trying to  
make himself solid with the lower classes  
of the country. Italy itself doesn't  
hanker for war and the minister finds it  
necessary to back down somewhat from  
his high position. It is also learned that  
only two of the Sicilians killed in the  
New Orleans prison were subjects of  
King Humbert and both were fugitives  
from justice. One was a professional  
robber and cutthroat from Messina and  
the other a murderer who escaped from  
Italy in company with the outlaw Esposito,  
whom Chief of Police Hennessy captured  
a few years ago and turned over to the  
Italian police.

The White River Junction Landmark  
is in a terrible state of mind because this  
paper does not favor the further exten-  
sion of the Australian ballot law, and  
says:

The editor of the REGISTER never  
heard of employees or their agents even  
in small places marching their workmen  
to the polls, and watching them to see  
that none but "straight" tickets were  
voted; never knew that in Vershire and  
other towns colored ballots were used  
so that every voter who cast a white one  
could be spotted. He never heard of  
candidates or their friends giving "con-  
siderations" to voters, and walking up  
arm in arm with them to the polls lest  
they be bribed by the other side. He is  
ignorant of the fact that creditors have  
watched debtors to see that they voted  
"all right."

People must be a heap meaner over in  
the Landmark's country than they are  
this way, if what it says is true, and the  
eastern part of the State should have the  
Australian law by all means. It might  
be well to have at the polls also some of  
the militia, a few Gatling guns and the  
germs of a discriminating epidemic.

## SENATOR EDMUNDS' RETIREMENT.

Senator Edmunds' letter to Gov. Page,  
resigning the senatorship, together with  
Gov. Page's reply thereto, are printed in  
another column. It has been known for  
some time by the intimate friends of the  
Senator that he meditated such a step,  
but the announcement of the fact was a  
surprise to the people of the State gen-  
erally and to the whole country as well.  
The chief reason given is the ill health  
of his daughter, but it is more than prob-  
able that the true one is that Mr. Ed-  
munds is tired of public life. He has  
been in the Senate since the 5th of April,  
1866. During all these years he has been  
a hard-working, conscientious servant of  
the people, and he probably feels that he  
is entitled to a rest.

The men who desire to succeed him  
will unquestionably proceed at once to  
get in their work with the governor,  
whose duty it becomes to fill the vacancy  
by appointment. It is to be hoped, and  
it is fair to presume, that he will act  
deliberately and carefully. The State has  
few citizens capable of making good the  
loss, and the very best one of them all  
should be chosen. That Mr. Page will  
take an independent course, and that he  
will not follow anybody's dictation, is  
pretty certain.

A representative of the Free Press saw  
Hon. John W. Stewart of this town in  
Boston on Wednesday and learned from  
him that he would be a candidate for

Mr. Edmunds' place. The Free Press  
man also heard from some one in Boston  
that Secretary of War Proctor would not  
be a candidate. Others mentioned for  
the position are President J. G. Smith of  
the Central Vermont, ex-Judge W. G.  
Veazey, now a member of the interstate  
commerce commission, and Congressman  
H. H. Powers.

## THAT EXTRA SESSION.

The talk about an extra session of the  
legislature is not so loud as it was a week  
ago, and the prospect now is that  
none will be held. The two objects to  
be attained by calling the legislature  
together were: First, to accept and get  
hold of the State's share of the direct tax,  
and, second, to cede to the government  
a site for the federal building at St. Al-  
bans.

But it is not so clear as it might be that  
Vermont will profit to an alarming ex-  
tent from the direct tax. It has been re-  
collected that the United States has a  
large claim against the State, and it is  
the opinion of those who know that the  
government won't pay a cent of the tax  
back to us till the old claim is settled up.  
Indeed, it was only last week that Indi-  
ana's claim for her share of the tax was  
rejected on this same ground.

It will be remembered that in the fall  
of 1886, during the session of the legisla-  
ture, a letter written by the third auditor  
of the treasury to the secretary of the  
treasury was published, in which it was  
stated that Vermont owed the general  
government the sum of \$543,780 for arms  
and equipments furnished the State soon  
after the St. Albans raid, in 1864, when  
12 regiments were organized to protect  
the northern frontier. The subject was  
talked about considerably in 1886, but  
when Gov. Ormsbee retired from office,  
in the fall of 1888, it had not been straight-  
ened out, nor has it yet been settled so  
far as we can learn. A bill authorizing  
the appointment of a commission to set-  
tle it was introduced in the national  
House of Representatives, but we cannot  
find that it ever became a law.

It would seem to be the part of wisdom  
for the State to let the direct tax matter  
alone till this claim is squared up in some  
way, and in the meantime discussion as  
to what shall be done with the tax may  
safely be suspended.

## A FINAL EFFORT.

As will be seen from the report of the  
Middlebury board of trade's meeting on  
Wednesday evening, printed in another  
column, the board has determined to  
make one more effort to get itself in shape  
for doing business. If that can't be ac-  
complished, then those who have tried to  
put life into it will give it up as a bad job.  
Now two things should be borne in  
mind by every citizen. One is, that Mid-  
dlebury will not have manufactures un-  
less some attempt is made to that end;  
another is, that persistent work must be  
done, such work as can best be put into  
the hands of a board of trade. Every  
scrub of a place in this section of the  
country is advertising itself and seeking  
in one way and another to secure man-  
ufactures, and if we want them we must  
hustle.

It is to be hoped that every man in the  
village will become a member of the  
board, that he will attend the meeting on  
the evening of the 17th inst., that he will  
do faithfully the part then assigned to  
him, and, above all, that he will keep his  
courage up, even if there are reasons for  
discouragement. Especially desirable  
will be the support and active partici-  
pation in the board's meetings of those  
gentlemen who have money, energy and  
first-class business capacity. The village  
contains a number of them, and their as-  
sistance is necessary to the success of the  
move.

The above is written on the supposition  
that the people of the village, or a  
majority of them at any rate, desire the  
establishment of manufactures here.  
The notion that that is the case prevails.  
But if it is not a correct notion, then that  
should be found out, in order that the  
board of trade may go out of existence.  
Nothing will come of half-hearted, weak-  
ly-supported spurts, and if the majority  
of the principal citizens want to go into  
the thing with spirit, then the board might  
as well turn up its toes now as later.

## ON THE RIGHT TRACK.

As has been announced, the State board  
of agriculture will devote a balance of  
funds remaining in its hands to adver-  
tising the State. It is proposed to write  
up the State as a whole and each county,  
saying all that can truthfully be said of  
the advantages we have to offer to man-  
ufacturers, farmers and others, and to  
append to this a list of farms, water-  
powers, factories and other like property  
that is for sale. The whole will make  
an eight-page document the size of an  
ordinary newspaper. About 25,000  
copies will be printed, and they will be  
distributed for the most part outside the  
State, and particularly in the West.

It seems to us that the board have  
struck the right plan. The effect of their  
agitation will be to impress upon the  
outside world that we have something  
that is worth having, and that is what

we want. Commissioner Valentine's  
plan was just the opposite—to belittle  
and cheapen the State and everything in  
it, and the result was that the State ac-  
quired a bad reputation not only with the  
world at large but with its own people.  
The practical outcome of Mr. Valentine's  
commissionership was the spreading  
among Vermonters of a feeling that their  
State had seen its best days and the dis-  
semination throughout the Union of the  
idea that the most of our territory had  
gone back into its original wilderness. He  
did settle a few Swedes here, it is true,  
but the following dispatch from Rutland  
to the New York World of Tuesday last  
does not indicate that he thereby largely  
benefited either the Swedes or the  
State:

The Rev. Niles Nilsson, of the Swedish  
Lutheran church, has received a letter  
from one of the settlers in the Swedish  
colony at Norton Mills, Essex county,  
in the forests of northern Vermont com-  
plaining bitterly of the hardships the  
tenants have endured.

Eleven of the Scandinavians have  
left the colony, one walking seventy  
miles to Rutland, where he is now em-  
ployed in the marble quarries. Only  
seven families are left and they are re-  
ported in a destitute condition. An  
earnest plea is made for aid that the  
colonists may be able to leave the forests.

## CURRENT OPINION.

His [Senator Edmunds'] withdrawal  
will be a severe loss to his party and the  
country, for he has been esteemed one of  
the ablest and most upright statesmen  
in the federal Senate.—[Worcester Spy.]

He will be greatly missed in the Sen-  
ate, but retirement in the case of a man  
with his talents and temperament does  
not mean idleness—much less obscuri-  
tation. He will still be George F. Ed-  
munds, and his party and country will  
still, we may hope, for years to come,  
have the benefit of his counsels.—[Hart-  
ford Courant.]

We are only voicing the sentiment of  
all New England, and, indeed, of all the  
nation, when we say that his retirement  
is very greatly to be deplored. Mr. Ed-  
munds is the junior Vermont Senator.  
His retirement will leave a gap in the  
Senate and in the councils of the Republi-  
can party which it will be difficult to  
fill.—[Boston Journal.]

Senator Edmunds' resignation is an un-  
fortunate turn not only for his party and  
State but for the whole country. Ver-  
mont will be obliged to look very far to  
find a successor who will give to the  
State the power in Congress exercised  
through Senator Edmunds, or who will  
give to the country as able an exponent  
of the fundamental law or as useful a  
public servant.—[Springfield Republican.]

The Senate of the United States loses  
one of its most illustrious members by  
the voluntary retirement of George F.  
Edmunds of Vermont. Senator Ed-  
munds, during the quarter century of  
his public career, has manifested con-  
spicuous fidelity to duty and has brought  
to bear on matters of legislation the keen  
force of an intellect which early placed  
him among the leaders.—[Troy (N. Y.)  
Times.]

Dear young, thoughtful, yet dissatis-  
fied and sedentary young friend, did you  
ever notice that God called Saul while he  
was seeking his father's asses, and David  
while he was taking care of the sheep?  
Did it ever occur to you that the apostles  
were busy when Christ gave them a bet-  
ter job? If you will show me where the  
Lord ever advertised for "a man about  
town" to come and lead his people out of  
bondage or take charge of an empire, I  
will agree to wear your crown in eight  
lessons.—[Bill Nye's Advice to a  
Dude.]

Gov. Page knows how easy it is to get  
petitions signed, and if he investigates  
this case [that of John C. Flint], the  
Argus and Patriot is certain he will be  
satisfied that Flint at least was not given  
a longer term than he deserved. If he  
was not, then he should serve out his  
time. The offence he was convicted of  
was a heinous one, and if such offenders  
are to be pardoned the prison doors  
should be opened to all. The fellow was  
three times tried and twice escaped sen-  
tence through technicalities. Never was  
there the least doubt as to his having  
robbed a defenseless old man, and after  
all the expense to which the State went  
in the matter it seems only just to law-  
abiding people that he should serve his  
full term, which was plenty short  
enough.—[Montpelier Argus.]

## A PACIFIC COAST YARN.

During a last cold snap in California  
ice formed on the reservoir built by  
Cromwell & Lamy on their ranch in Al-  
pine county. The reservoir is supplied  
with a continuous stream of hot water  
from mineral springs. A party of young  
people went skating. One member of  
the party met with a peculiar accident.  
She had reached a weak spot in the ice,  
went through, and was severely scalded  
by the hot water beneath.

—R. S. Benedict will need more clerks  
if the rush for Brussels soap continues.



A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest  
of all in leavening strength.—Latest U. S. Gov-  
ernment Food Report.

DO  
YOU  
KNOW

That you can make  
your

Dingy Sitting Room

Seem like a LITTLE

CORNER  
PARADISE

BY INVESTING A

SINGLE

\$

(More or Less)

In the beautiful  
Wall Papers

We are selling at  
ridiculously LOW  
PRICES.

We also have

Carpets

—AND—

Mattings

Shades & Drapery Curtains

CURTAIN POLES

—AND—

SASH RODS

Carpet-  
Sweepers,

And many other  
Housekeeping Fix-  
ings that fill the old  
house with Sun-  
shine and our pock-  
ets with shillings.

BECKWITH & CO.

## E. L. PARKHURST &amp; CO.

We have Opened a New Store in the SMITH & SHEL-  
DON Block, formerly occupied by R. W. Pitts. We  
shall keep constantly on hand all kinds of

GROCERIES!

We have taken great pains in selecting our  
TEAS, .: COFFEES .: AND .: FLOURS,  
and claim to have the best the market affords. In connection  
we shall keep

TOBACCOS AND CIGARS

and a fine line of

STATIONERY.

Hoping to receive a fair share of the patronage, we  
remain, very respectfully yours

E. L. PARKHURST & CO.

BURLINGTON

SAVINGS - BANK,

CHARTERED IN 1847.

Deposits Jan. 1, 1891, - \$2,402,416.98

Surplus - - - - - 185,913.32

Total Assets, - - - \$2,618,330.30

TRUSTEES.

C. F. WARD, WILLARD CRANE,  
CHARLES P. SMITH, HENRY GREENE,  
J. L. HARTSTON, HENRY WELLS.

Receives and pays deposits daily. Deposits  
made on either of the first four business days  
of any month draw interest from the 1st. If  
made afterward interest will commence the  
first of the following month.  
Interest will be credited to depositors Janu-  
ary 1st and July 1st, compounding twice a  
year. There are no stockholders in this bank.  
All the earnings, less expenses, belong to de-  
positors. The rate of interest depends on the  
earnings and for the last four years has been

4-1-2 PER CENT.

All taxes are paid by the bank on deposits  
of \$1000 or less. Deposits are received in  
sums from \$1 to \$2000, and no interest will be  
paid on any sum in excess of this amount, ex-  
cept on deposits by widows, orphans, ad-  
ministrators, executors, guardians, charitable  
or religious institutions or on last funds de-  
posited by order of court.

This bank prefers Vermont securities for  
the investment of its funds and sends no mon-  
ey out of the State until the home demand is  
met.

No money loaned to any officer or trustee  
of the bank.

Funds may be sent by bank check or draft  
or postal money order and deposit book will  
be returned by next mail.

Applications for loans or for information as  
to standing of the bank may be made to Rufus  
Wainwright, Middlebury; J. E. Roberts, Ver-  
mont, or E. C. Pike, Bristol.

CHARLES P. SMITH, President.  
C. F. WARD, Treasurer.

Ward Business College

AND

SCHOOL OF BUSINESS AND SHORT HAND

AND

SHORT HAND

AND

TYPEWRITING, GUTCHESSE, Albany, N. Y.

HORSE-SHOER!

Prof. A. W. CAREY,

ARTISTIC HORSE-SHOER,

THE MAKER OF

125 Different Kinds of Horse

Shoes.

Adapted to the diseases of the horse's foot  
and habits of the horse.

Court Street, - Middlebury, Vt.

IN SHOP FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY L. S.

HOWARD.

ATTENTION—Sporting, carriage and draught  
horses shod by a workman with many years  
of first class experience, who thoroughly un-  
derstands the anatomy of the horse's foot,  
and gives special attention, by shoeing, to the  
curing of intertending, corns, contracted feet,  
quarter cracks, forging and hoof diseases and  
all the diseases in general, caused principally  
by bad shoeing.

Hand-made shoes and fancy shoeing a spe-  
cialty. All shoeing guaranteed. 14,4w

STATE OF VERMONT—Addison Coun-  
ty, ss.

I, Ida A. Place of Bristol, in said county, hav-  
ing filed her petition to the Addison County  
Court next to be held at Middlebury, within  
and for said county, on the first Tuesday of  
June, A. D. 1891, setting forth in substance  
that she was lawfully married to Robert S.  
Place on the 31st day of December, A. D. 1888,  
then of said Bristol, but now of the state of  
Massachusetts; that since said marriage she  
has resided in said county; that the said Rob-  
ert S. hath treated her with intolerable sever-  
ity; that the said Robert S. hath committed  
adultery, wherefore she prays for a divorce  
from the custody of her minor son, Claud A.

And it appearing that the said Robert S. is  
without this State so that said petition cannot  
be served upon him, it is ordered that he be  
summoned to appear and answer the forego-  
ing petition on the first day of the next term of  
said court to be held at Middlebury aforesaid,  
on the first Tuesday of June, A. D. 1891, by the  
publication of the substance of said petition  
together with this order in the Middlebury  
Register, a public newspaper published in  
said Middlebury, three weeks successively,  
the last of which publications to be at least  
six weeks prior to said term of said court.

Dated at Middlebury, aforesaid, this first  
day of April, A. D. 1891.

RUFUS WAINWRIGHT, Clerk.

STEWART & WILDS, Attys for petitioner.

Business Cards.

W. H. BLISS, H. C. ROYCE.

BLISS & ROYCE,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS.

Office in Brewster Block.

Middlebury, Vt.

W. H. KINGSLEY,

DENTIST.

Upstairs in Allen Block.

Office hours from 9 a. m. till 5 p. m.

Middlebury, Vt.

E. MELLE, D. D. S.,

DENTIST.

Office hours, 8 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m. Office

over Frank A. Farnsworth's store,

MIDDLEBURY, VT.

Laughing gas administered.

J. S. CHANDLER,

PENSION ATTORNEY.

RIFTON, VT.

IN HIS OFFICE DAILY

unless called away. Correspondence care-  
fully attended to when stamps enclosed.

D. H. BENNETT,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

BRIDPORT, VT.

F. H. MILLER,

VETERINARY SURGEON.

Graduate Montreal Vet. college; honorary  
fellow Montreal Vet. Medical association.

Vet. Surgeon to Shelburne Farms. Calls  
promptly attended. Telephone connection.

OFFICE 110 CHURCH ST.,

BURLINGTON, VT.

PARK DRUG STORE. For the

very best quality of

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, CONFECTIONERY

STATIONERY, PERFUMERY, TOI-

LET SOAPS AND CIGARS,

go to the PARK DRUG STORE. Satisfaction

guaranteed. ISAAC STEENS, Proprietor.

HEAVEN AND HELL,

BY EMANUEL SWEDENBORG,

416 pages, paper cover. Mailed pre-paid for

11 Cents in stamps by the American Swed-  
enborg Printing and Publishing Society, 20

Cooper Union, New York City.

CHAPPELL & BURKE,

CIVIL ENGINEERS AND ARCHITECTS

Surveys, Plans, Specifications and Estimates  
for Sewerage Systems, Water Supply, Bridges,

Railroads, Dams, Mills, Business Blocks, Resi-  
dences, &c. Surveys of Farms and Lots. Cle-  
ment Building, Rutland, Vt. 32

RIDER'S DRUG STORE,

IN DYER'S BLOCK.

STRICTLY PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

ETC. ALSO A FULL LINE OF CON-

FECTIONERY, TOILET AND

FANCY GOODS.

Prescriptions compounded with accuracy

by

46-1yr. N. F. RIDER, Pharmacist.

HAMILTON, M. D.

Office and residence at Mr. J. L. Battolp's.

Hours—1 to 2 30 p. m. Calls received before

8 a. m. and early evening.

CHILD'S

Business College

And School of Short-hand and Type-writing.  
Full term opens Tuesday, Sept. 24, 1890. This  
institution is the largest of its kind in New  
England, and has aided more of its students  
to good positions than any other. None bet-  
ter anywhere. Catalogue mailed free.  
30 E. K. CHILDS, Fitch, Springfield, Mass.

Strayed or Stolen.

From the barn of Mrs. Cota, at the paper-  
mill bridge, Middlebury, Wednesday